In the Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of generating a filter for a nuclear medicine <u>imaging</u> system, the filter for selecting valid detected radiation events for image processing, the method comprising:

providing a dataset indicative of a plurality of emitted radiation events occurring over a predetermined period of time;

generating signals representative of the response of a detector to the dataset of the plurality of emitted radiation events;

determining a correlation pattern based on a correlation of a plurality of signals resulting from the response of the detector for each of a plurality of single radiation events in the dataset; and

generating a filter based on the correlation pattern.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1 including storing the generated filter as a histogram.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 2 wherein the histogram is three dimensional.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the correlation pattern is determined from signals based on at least one photomultiplier tube sub-set near a peak photomultiplier tube.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 4 wherein the at least one sub-set is an ordered triple.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 4 wherein each of the individual signals of the sub-set correspond to a dimension in a histogram representative of the correlation pattern filter.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 5 wherein the at least one subset is selected based on spatial relationship and each element in the at least one subset corresponds to a dimension in the filter.

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- 8. (Original) The method of claim 4 wherein the signals representative of the at least one photomultiplier sub-set are normalized to the peak photomultiplier tube signal.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the data set is obtained by at least one of empirical acquisition, analytical generation and simulation.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein determining a pattern includes indexing the response of the detector to a single radiation event.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 10 wherein generating the filter includes comparing the number of occurrences of the indexed response of the detector to single radiation events to a threshold value.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 11 wherein the threshold value is a predetermined number of occurrences of the indexed response over a predetermined period of time.
- 13. (Currently Amended) A method of filtering valid events from invalid events from a plurality of detected events, the method comprising:

acquiring a data stream of a plurality of detected events with a detector wherein a plurality of related signals is indicative of a single detected event;

applying a correlation filter to the data stream of a plurality of detected events to determine whether the detected events are valid, the correlation filter generating a pattern based on a correlation of a plurality of signals resulting from a response of an associated detector to a plurality of single radiation events in an ideal dataset; and

processing the valid events.

- 14. (Original) The method of claim 13 including determining the location of the detected event after applying the correlation filter to the detected events.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 13 wherein the correlation filter is includes a histogram.

- 16. (Original) The method of claim 15 wherein the histogram is three dimensional.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the correlation filter is determined from signals based on at least one photomultiplier tube sub-set near a peak photomultiplier tube.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 17 wherein the at least one sub-set is an ordered triple.
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 17 wherein each of the PMT signals of the acquired data stream of detected events of the sub-set correspond to a dimension in a histogram representative of the correlation filter.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 19 wherein the at least one sub-set is selected based on spatial relationship.
- 21. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for filtering valid detected nuclear events from invalid events from a plurality of detected events, the apparatus comprising:
- a detector for acquiring a data stream of a plurality of detected events wherein a plurality of related signals is indicative of a single detected event;
- a processor for applying a correlation filter to the data stream of a plurality of detected events to determine whether the detected events are valid, the correlation filter generating a pattern based on a correlation of a plurality of signals resulting from a response of an associated detector to a plurality of single radiation events in an ideal dataset; and
 - a processor for processing the valid events into images.
- 22. (Original) The apparatus of claim 21 including means for determining the location of the detected event after applying the correlation filter to the detected events.
- 23. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of claim 21 wherein the correlation filter is includes a histogram.

- 24. (Original) The apparatus of claim 23 wherein the histogram is three dimensional.
- 25. (Original) The apparatus of claim 13 wherein the correlation filter is applied to a plurality of signals from at least one photomultiplier tube sub-set near a peak photomultiplier tube.
- 26. (Original) The apparatus of claim 25 including means for arranging the at least one sub-set of signals in an ordered triple.
- 27. (Original) The apparatus of claim 25 including means to arrange each of the individual photomultiplier tube values of the at least one photomultiplier tube sub-set of the acquired data stream of detected events to correspond to an associated dimension in a histogram applied as the correlation filter.